

Research Summary – Spinal Cord Injury Bladder and Bowel Control Questionnaire (SCI-BBC-Q) – Neurological Impairment

Author Year Country Research Design Setting	Demographics and Injury Characteristics of Sample	Validity	Reliability	Responsiveness Interpretability
<p>Bryce et al. 2025</p> <p>Study to develop and test the feasibility, reliability, and construct validity of SCI-BBC-Q</p> <p>SCI acute in-patient rehabilitation unit at an academic medical center in the United States</p>	<p>N = 51 participants with SCI 35M (69%), 16F (31%) Mean (SD) age 49 (19) years SCI level: Cervical (n = 32), thoracic (n = 13), lumbar/sacral (n = 4), and missing data (n = 2) ASIA class: A (n = 5), B (n = 8), C (n = 17), D (n = 18), and missing (n = 3) Mean (SD) since injury 2 (5) months</p>	<p>Relationship between the baseline SCI-BBC-Q total score and AIS: $r_s = 0.41, p = 0.004$</p> <p>Relationship with SCI-BBC-Q and anorectal sensory and motor function as measured by the ISNCSCI:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Baseline SCI-BBC-Q total scores and the baseline ISNCSCI S4-5 sensory scores ($r_s = 0.36, p = 0.01$). SCI-BBC-Q score changes and the ISNCSCI S4-5 sensory score changes between admission and 	<p>Test-retest reliability:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total score: ICC = 0.95 Subscores: Cohen's κ values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Q1 = 0.47 Q2 = 0.63 Q3 = 0.65 Q4 = 0.53 Q5 = 0.54 Q6 = 0.76 <p>Internal Consistency: The Cronbach's α value for all SCI-BBC-Q items (Q1-6) was 0.73</p>	

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		<p>discharge ($r_s = 0.39, p = 0.02$).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Relationships between the baseline results of the ISNCSCI deep anal pressure assessments and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Q2 (item assessing the sensation of micturating: ($\chi^2(1, N = 43) = 5.06, p = 0.03$, Nagelkerke $R^2 = 0.20$). Q4 (item assessing the sensation of defecating: ($\chi^2(1, N = 44) = 9.17, p =$ 		

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		<p>0.002, Nagelkerke $R^2 = 0.34$)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Relationship between the baseline results of ISNCSCI voluntary anal contraction assessments and: Q6 (item assessing the ability to prevent defecation): ($\chi^2(1, N = 41) = 5.40, p = 0.02^*$, Nagelkerke $R^2 = 0.17$) but not the item assessing the ability to prevent micturition. 		

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		<p>Association between changes in SCI-BBC-Q total scores and change in SCIM-III bladder management scores from admission to discharge ($r_s = 0.40$, $p = 0.048$) but not between changes in SCI-BBC-Q total scores and the change in SCIM-III bowel management scores.</p>		