# Research Summary – Craig Handicap Assessment and Reporting Technique (CHART) – Community Reintegration

| Author Year<br>Research<br>Design<br>Setting<br>(country)   | Demographics and<br>Injury<br>Characteristics of<br>Sample   | Validity     | Reliability | Responsiveness<br>Interpretability   |
|---|--|--------------|-------------|--|
| De Wolf et al. 2010  Longitudinal study exploring reliability, validity, sensitivity to change and clinical usefulness of the CHART  Three SCI rehabilitation | N=58 (control n=29; intervention n=29) (45 male, 13 female) Mean age: 35.3±15.2y  Traumatic SCI  Lesion Level Paraplegia: 25 Tetraplegia: 33  Impairment Grade AIS A: 33 AIS B: 4 AIS C: 5 | See table 1. |             | Floor/Ceiling Effect: No floor effects. Ceiling effects occurred for the Social and Cognitive dimensions at both 6 weeks post-discharge from inpatient rehabilitation (57-66% and 65-66%, respectively) and 1- year post discharge (44-66% and 84-86%, respectively).  Interpretability: |
| units in Sydney, Australia (Royal Rehabilitation Centre Sydney; Royal North Shore Hospital; and Prince of Wales Hospital)                                     | AIS D: 16  |              |             | MDC = 53.3 between Time 1 (6 weeks post- discharge from inpatient rehabilitation) and Time 2 (1 year post- discharge) The percentage of participants that met  |

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|   |   |   |   |   |             |   | the minimum<br>difference for CHART:<br>14%  |
|   | <b>Table 1.</b> Spearma 6D domains:   | n rank-order  | correl  | ation coeffici  | ents l      | between CHART   | domains and SPRS & SF-   |
|   | Sydney Psychosoc  | ial Reintegra   | tion Sc   | ale (SPRS)  |             |   |  |
|   | SPRS Occupation CHART: Physical: 0.34** Mobility: 0.64** Occupation: 0.57** Social: 0.36** Cognitive: 0.09                      |   | SPRS Relationships with<br>CHART:<br>Physical: 0.22<br>Mobility: 0.23<br>Occupation: 0.28*<br>Social: 0.17<br>Cognitive: 0.13 |   | with        | SPRS Living skills with CHART: Physical: 0.70** Mobility: 0.64** Occupation: 0.50** Social: 0.28* Cognitive: 0.12             |  |
|   | Short Form-6D  CHART Physical with SF-6D: Physical: -0.71** Role: -0.23 Social: -0.22 Pain: -0.17 Mental: -0.19 Vitality: -0.22 | CHART Mobil<br>with SF-6D:<br>Physical: -0.2<br>Role: -0.19<br>Social: -0.25<br>Pain: -0.21<br>Mental: -0.27<br>Vitality: -0.33 | 46**<br>7*<br>3*  | CHART Occupation w SF-6D: Physical: -0.46 Role: -0.06 Social: -0.25 Pain: -0.12 Mental: -0.18 Vitality: -0.26 | vith<br>5** | CHART Social<br>with SF-6D:<br>Physical: -0.19<br>Role: 0.06<br>Social: 0.00<br>Pain: 0.08<br>Mental: 0.04<br>Vitality: -0.14 | CHART Cognitive<br>with SF-6D:<br>Physical: -0.22<br>Role: -0.12<br>Social: -0.03<br>Pain: -0.31*<br>Mental: -0.13<br>Vitality: 0.04 |

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|  | A moderate and statistica Integration Measure (CIM)  Time 1 = 6 weeks post-disc Time 2 = 1 year post-disched Intervention = Received surphole of life approach who planning for the future.           | correlation coefficients with<br>Ily significant correlation co<br>and CHART total (r=0.47, p<br>charge from inpatient rehab<br>arge<br>upport from a coordinator to<br>ich incorporated individuali | efficient was found betwee <0.001).  pilitation  poimprove community reint | egration after SCI. Used a         |
| Johnston et al.<br>2005<br>Cross-sectional<br>survey<br>New Jersey<br>Outpatient SCI<br>Center | Results showed a statistics N=107 (88M, 19F) Mean age 39.1(11.16) Median age 38.0 Mean post-injury time: 11.36(9.56) yrs Median post-injury time: 8.71 yrs Community-living traumatic SCI individuals | Pearson's correlation<br>between ASIA Motor<br>Score and:<br>CHART Total: 0.07<br>(P=0.54)<br>CHART Physical Total:<br>0.46 (P=0.001)<br>CHART Mobility Total:<br>0.04 (P=0.75)                      | nt between Time 1 and Time   | e 2 for CHART (p=0.002).           |

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|  | AIS-A/B/C/D: 56.4%/20.2%/14.9%/8.5 % Neurologic Category:     Tetraplegia complete: 38.7%     Tetraplegia incomplete: 15.1%     Paraplegia complete: 37.6%     Paraplegia incomplete: 8.6%   | CHART Occupational<br>Total: -0.11 (P=0.37)<br>CHART Social<br>Interaction Total: -0.22<br>(P=0.06)<br>CHART Economic<br>Total: -0.04 (P=0.72)   |             |                                    |
| Masedo et al. 2005  Reliability and validity (comparison to the self-report Functional Independence Measure (FIM)) studied: double blind/randomiz ed trials. | SCI clinical trial of amitriptyline for pain: n=84 subjects; 44 given amitriptyline, 40 given an active placebo. Avg. age; 41.43±10.02 years, 80% Men. Mean time since injury was 13.96 yrs (SD = 9.36 yrs)  Neurological level of injury: | Correlations of the CHART with FIM-SR were positive, as expected: CHART total score: r=0.26 (p<0.01) CHART mobility subscale: r=0.30 (p<0.01) CHART physical subscale: r=0.49 (p<0.01) |             |                                    |

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| Harborview Medical Center and University of Washington's Northwest Regional SCI System | 53.6% cervical 38.1% thoracic 7.1% lumbar/sacral           | Almost all subscales of the FIM-SR had moderate and significant correlations (p<0.005, p<0.001) with CHART subscales; support provided for the motor scales of FIM-SR, with the exception of locomotion subscale of FIM-SR which did not correlate significantly with the Physical Independence subscale of the CHART. |   |                                    |
| Walker et al. 2003  Cross-sectional analysis  Colorado, USA                            | N SCI = 236, 75% male                                      |  | Test-retest, Intra-<br>rater, Inter-rater:<br>Test retest:<br>ICC: 0.87 |                                    |
| Middleton et al.<br>2003   | Sample 1: People with SCI living in the                    | Spearman correlations of Moorong Self-   |   |                                    |

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| Descriptive, correlational study, validation study of a new instrument (MSES)  Moorong Spinal Unit of the Royal Rehabilitation Centre Sydney, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia. | community who previously were at inpatient rehabilitation N=36, 28 male Mean age 36.33 (SD = 9.52)  Mean time post-trauma 11.23 (SD = 9.67) years  11 paraplegia, 25 tetraplegia  15 incomplete, 21 complete  Sample 2: People who had recently sustained a SCI and were currently enrolled at in-patient rehabilitation  N=31, 23 male  Mean age 31.48 (SD = 10.46)  Mean time post-trauma 2.01 (SD = 2.50) months  21 paraplegia, 10 | Efficacy Scale with (Sample 1 only, N=36):     CHART physical (N=29): -0.07 (P>0.05)     CHART mobility: 0.15 (P>0.05)     CHART occupational: 0.47 (P<0.05)     CHART social: - 0.24 (P>0.05) |             |                                    |

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|  | tetraplegia<br>13 incomplete,<br>18 complete   |          |  |                                    |
|  | Sample 3: People with SCI living in the community who previously were at inpatient rehabilitation N=108, 30 male Mean age 45.26 (SD = 15.99)  Mean time post-trauma 7.92 (SD = 9.83) years  66 paraplegia, |          |  |                                    |
|  | 42 tetraplegia 58 incomplete, 49 complete  |          |  |                                    |
| Cusick 2001  Reliability study: level of agreement between proxies and persons | N=983 and their<br>proxies<br>57% participants were<br>men<br>61% of proxies were<br>women (43% of   |          | Test-retest, Inter-<br>rater, Intra-rater:<br>Participant-proxy<br>Total CHART: ICC<br>=0.84 |                                    |

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|---|--|--|---|------------------------------------|
| with disabilities in reporting on CHART  Participants living in the community 6 months after onset of disability or | proxies were participant's spouse)  Disabilities (reported separately) resulting from: SCI (224), MS (235), Traumatic brain injury (199) Stroke (177), |  | Physical Independence: ICC=0.69 Cognitive Independence: ICC=0.34 Mobility: ICC=0.86 Occupation: ICC=0.60 Social Integration: ICC=0.57 |                                    |
| completion of rehab.  | Amputation (83),<br>Burn (65),   |  | Economic<br>Independence:<br>ICC=0.59   |                                    |
| Dijkers 1999  Follow-up survey comparing CHART to Satisfaction with Life Scale (SWLS)                               | N=2183 (1766M, 417F)<br>19% <19 years<br>37% 20-29 years<br>20% 30-39<br>12% 40-49<br>12% >50yrs.<br>Records from the<br>National SCI database,        | CHART scores were associated with those for the Satisfaction With Life Scale (SWLS).  ANOVA and Eta <sup>2</sup> . All four CHART subscales were |   |                                    |
| 1-20 years post-<br>injury  | containing entries since 1973.   | significantly<br>correlated to SLWS<br>scores  |   |                                    |

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|---|---|---|-------------|--|
| Followed up<br>with SCI care  |   | <ul> <li>Physical independence score Eta<sup>2</sup>= 0.14, F= 85.17, df=4 (p&lt;0.001)</li> <li>Mobility score Eta<sup>2</sup>= 0.11, F= 159.18, df=3 (p&lt;0.001)</li> <li>Social integration score Eta<sup>2</sup>= 0.11, F= 84.3, df=3 (p&lt;0.001)</li> <li>Occupation score Eta<sup>2</sup>= 0.14, F= 85.18, df=4 (p&lt;0.001)</li> </ul> |             |  |
| Hall et al. 1998  Analysis of SCI Model Systems database: CHART follow- up at 1, 2, 5 years post-injury Data used for this analysis was at one time point: April 1997 | N=1,998 81.5% males 67% <31 years of age 21% 21-40 22% >41  Traumatic Spinal Cord Injury with inpatient rehabilitation services: 18% high tetraplegia 34% low tetraplegia | Correlations: GENDER  • Gender and Mobility Subscales was significant r=-0.06 (p≤0.05)  • Males were significantly more mobile than Females t=2.998 (p<0.01) AGE  |             | Floor/Ceiling Effect: See table 1.  Interpretability: See table 2. |

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|---|--|---|-------------|------------------------------------|
| No data<br>available                                      | 48% paraplegia   | <ul> <li>Age and all Subscales were significant r= -0.20 to -0.10 (p≤0.0001)</li> <li>INJURY</li> <li>Injury level and all Subscales, except economic self-sufficiency, were significant r=0.11 to 0.45, (p≤0.0001)</li> <li>Completeness of injury and all Subscales, except social integration, were significant r=0.07 to 0.17 (p≤0.05)</li> <li>Years since injury and Subscales r=0.09 to 0.21 (p≤0.0001)</li> <li>RACE/ETHNICITY</li> <li>Race/ethnicity and all Subscales r=0.12 to 0.34 (p≤0.0001)</li> </ul> |             |                                    |

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|---|--|--|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
|   |  | EDUCATION/OCCU<br>TION   | PA                   |                      |                          |  |
|   |  | <ul> <li>Education and<br/>Subscales r=0.12 t<br/>0.33 (p≤0.0001)</li> </ul> | o                    |                      |                          |  |
|   |  | Occupation and     Subscales r=0.24 to     0.60 (p≤0.0001)                   |                      |                      |                          |  |
|   |  | MARITAL STATUS   |                      |                      |                          |  |
|   |  | <ul> <li>Marital status and<br/>Subscales, except<br/>physical</li> </ul>    |                      |                      |                          |  |
|   |  | independence an<br>mobility, were<br>significant r=0.08<br>0.32 (p≤0.05)     |                      |                      |                          |  |
|   | Table 1. Percentage of sar                                 | mple who received  | maximum scc          | ore on CHART s       | subscales                |  |
|   |  |  | AIS A, B, or         |                      | AIS D                    |  |
|   |  | High tetra   | Low tetra            | Para                 | All                      |  |
|   | Subscale   | % (n)  | % (n)                | % (n)                | % (n)                    |  |
|   | Physical Independence                                      |  | 18 (89)              | 56 (442)             | 63 (213)                 |  |
|   | Mobility   | 13 (34)  | 34 (172)             | 49 (393)             | 55 (189)                 |  |
|   | Occupational status  | 10 (27)  | 23 (117)             | 34 (270)             | 36 (125)                 |  |
|   | Social integration  Economic self-sufficience              | 39 (103)<br>cy 44 (56)   | 45 (224)<br>41 (113) | 45 (341)<br>49 (225) | 52 (172)<br>62 (123)     |  |
|   | LCOHOTTIC Self-Sufficient                                  | y 44 (30)  | 1 +1 (113)           | <del>4</del> 3 (223) | 02 (123)                 |  |

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|---|---|----|---|--|---|--|--|--|
|   | Table 2.  |    |   |  |   |  |  |  |
|   | Subscale:   | te | <u>S A,B, or C</u><br>High<br>traplegia:<br>an (SD) [n]   | AIS A,B,<br>Low tetra<br>Mean (Si                  | plegia:   | AIS A,B, or C<br>Paraplegia:<br>Mean (SD) [n]                        | AIS D<br>AII:<br>Mean (SD) [n]         |  |
|   | Physical<br>Independence  |    | (30.4) [253]  | 71.8 (28.3)  | [498]   | 90.3 (19.8) [787]  | 90.7 (20.6) [340]                      |  |
|   | Mobility Occupational status  |    | (28.0) [267]<br>(32.9) [270]  | 76.0 (25.6<br>51.0 (36.9                           | <del></del>   | 85.5 (21.0) [804]<br>61.8 (35.5) [793]                               | 86.2 (22.4) [346]<br>62.1 (36.5) [347] |  |
|   | Social integration  |    | 7 (25.6) [261]  | 83.5 (23.1)  |   | 85.6 (20.4) [760]  | , ,,,                                  |  |
|   | Economic self-<br>sufficiency<br>Total score  |    | 1 (101.4) [116]   | 62.0 (36.7<br>369.2 (89.9                          |   | 66.0 (37.6) [460]<br>404.1 (87.5) [419]                              | , , ,                                  |  |
| Whiteneck et al. 1992  Design and development of CHART: psychometric evaluation. & weighting scheme | 135 SCI individuals<br>16% Women<br>Avg. age = 33. rang<br>16-74<br>41 complete<br>quadriplegia,<br>38, incomplete<br>quadriplegia, | ;  | Significantly CHART score between hig level of hand groups supp validity of th CHART total t=6.36, p<0.0 subscales: | different es gh & low dicap port the e CHART score | Test-re rater, I CHART by sam twice (1 week subject test-re coeffic | etest, Inter- ntra-rater: administered ne examiner  ( apart) to each | 120.0 (00.0) [100]                     |  |

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| 2-35 years post recovery living in the community          | 42 complete paraplegia, 14 incomplete paraplegia Rehab professional rating 65 low level handicap 70 high handicap | <ul> <li>physical independence t=4.54, p&lt;0.001</li> <li>mobility t=3.89, p&lt;0.001</li> <li>occupation t=6.8, p&lt;0.001, social integration t=2.02, p&lt;0.05</li> </ul> | Individual dimensions:  physical dimensions 0.92  mobility 0.95, occupation 0.89 economic self-sufficiency 0.80, social integration 0.81.  Subject-proxy, r=0.83 for total chart score.  Individual dimensions: physical dimensions 0.8 mobility 0.84, occupation 0.81 economic self-sufficiency 0.69, social integration 0.29. (p<0.001)  better agreement when proxy lives with |                                    |

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|   |  |          | subject (social integration 0.57)                                       |                                    |
|   |  |          | Item separation defined 11 statistically distinct handicap strata.      |                                    |
|   |  |          | Item separation reliability = 0.99, indicating a well calibrated scale. |                                    |

## Research Summary – Craig Handicap Assessment and Reporting Technique (CHART) – Community Reintegration – Cross-cultural Validation Studies

| Author Year<br>Research<br>Design<br>Setting<br>(country)  | Demographics and<br>Injury<br>Characteristics of<br>Sample  | Validity  | Reliability   | Responsiveness<br>Interpretability |
|--|---|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Tozato et al.<br>2005<br>Test-retest and<br>discriminative<br>validity study;<br>CHART<br>Japanese<br>version<br>NRCD, Japan | 293 participants in validity study; upper age limit =60 years old; 246M, 47F, avg. age = 38.3 years 54 participants in testretest measure; 45M, 9F; avg. age = 42.5 years mean time since injury = 8.7 (SD = 6.6)  926 SCI discharged from the National Rehabilitation Center for the Disabled (NRCD) between 1992 – 2001 Meant | Validity (compared score differences between employed and unemployed) acceptable in all domains, with exception of Social integration. Employed respondents exhibited significantly higher sub scores than unemployed respondents in all CHART subscales except Social Integration CHART-J total score t=11.39, p<0.0001; Physical independence t=4.795, p<0.0001; Mobility t=11.092, p<0.0001; Occupation t=15.030, p<0.0001 | Test-retest, Intrarater, Inter-rater: Test-retest reliability with 21-25 day interval (Pearson's r):  CHART-J total score r=0.78, p<0.001; Physical independence r=0.53, p<0.001; Mobility r=0.96, p<0.001; Occupation r=0.86, p<0.001 Social Integration r=0.78, p<0.001 Economy r=1.00, p<0.001 | Interpretability: See table 1.     |

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|---|---|------------------------------|---|---|
|   |   | Social Integration           |   |   |
|   |   | t=0.997 p=0.319              |   |   |
|   |   | Economy t=3.799,<br>p<0.0001 |   |   |
|   | Table 1. CHART-J (Japanese version) mean (SD) scores and SEM: |                              |   |   |
|   | Domain:   | Mean (SD) CHART-J score:     | SEM (calculated from data in this article): | MDC (calculated from data in this article): |
|   | Physical independence   | 93 (12)                      | 8.2   | 22.8  |
|   | Mobility  | 77 (25.9)                    | 5.2   | 14.4  |
|   | Occupation  | 56.8 (39.6)                  | 14.8  | 41.1  |
|   | Social Integration  | 76.4 (24.7)                  | 11.6  | 32.1  |
|   | Economy   | 75.5 (28.1)                  | 0   | 0   |
|   | CHART-J total score:  | 378.7 (86.8)                 | 40.7  | 112.9                                       |
|   |   |                              |   |   |