

<b>Author Year</b> <b>Country</b> <b>Research Design</b> <b>Score</b> <b>Total Sample Size</b>	<b>Methods</b>	<b>Outcome</b>
Buschbacher et al. 1992 USA Observational N=227	<p><b>Population:</b> Age range: 17-75 yr;            Gender: males=213, females=14;            Severity of injury: complete, incomplete.</p> <p><b>Intervention:</b> Patients treated with warfarin for a mean of 5.4 wk post SCI for deep vein thrombosis; no X-rays taken to rule out HO. HO, diagnostic tests done only if clinical signs were suggestive.</p> <p><b>Outcome Measures:</b> Prevalence of HO.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Warfarin administration and development of HO were found to be significantly related (<math>p &lt; 0.01</math>).</li> <li>2. None of the patients treated with Warfarin (<math>n=33</math>) developed HO and none of the patients with HO (<math>n=34</math>) had been treated with Warfarin.</li> </ol>