Author Year Country Research Design Score Sample Size	Methods	Outcome
Halstead et al. 2010 USA Pre-post Level 4 N = 10	Population: 10 males; tetraplegia; SCI injury C5-C8; 7 AIS A, 3 AIS B, age 32.5; DOI 8.8. Treatment: Oxandrolone (20 mg/day orally in divided doses, 8 weeks). Outcome Measures: FVC, FEV ₁ , FEV ₁ /FVC, PEFR, maximum ventilator volume (MVV).	 Following treatment there were nonsignificant increases in FVC by 3.3%, FEV₁ by 3.1% and MVV by 9.3%; and a non-significant decrease in PEFR by 3.4%. Administration of oxandrolone over 8 weeks had no effect on pulmonary function.
Spungen et al. 1999 USA Pre-post Level 4 N = 10	Population: 10 tetraplegia (C4-5), motor complete, all male, mean(SD) age: 41(9) yrs, 16(8) yrs post-injury. Treatment: Administration of oxandrolone 20 mg/day for 1 month. Outcome Measures: Weight gain, spirometry, MIP, MEP, resting self-rate of dyspnea (Borg scale), serum lipid profiles and liver function tests.	 On average, participants gained 1.4(1.5) kg (2(2)%). A significant improvement was seen in combined measures of spirometry (9(2)%). A significant improvement was seen in MIP (10(7)%). The improvement in MEP was not significant (9(13)%). Borg scale decreased by an average of 37(28)%.