Author Year Country Research Design Score Sample Size	Methods	Outcome
Homma et al. 1981 USA Pre-post Level 4 N = 13	<ul> <li>Population: 13 people after SCI (11 M, 2 F), ages: 17-49 yrs, C4-TI lesions, 1 incomplete, 12 complete); 19-49 months post-injury.</li> <li>Treatment: Application of vibratory stimulus to the 1) parasternal intercostal spaces; 2) 7th -10th intercostal spaces anterior to midaxillary lines; 3) Inspiratory and expiratory vibrations were combined to produce alternating in phase vibration.</li> <li>Outcome measures: Spirometry.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Inspiratory, expiratory, and combined in- phase vibrations increased V<sub>T</sub> and V<sub>E</sub> while decreasing fb.</li> <li>The combined- alternating in- phase vibration increased V<sub>T</sub> more than inspiratory or expiratory in- phase vibration alone.</li> </ol>