### Neurogenic Bowel Dysfunction Score (NBD)

### **Assessment Overview**

### Assessment Area

### **ICF Domain:**

**Body Functions** 

### **Subcategory:**

Digestive, Metabolic and Endocrine

### You Will Need

### Length:

10 items

### Scoring:

Total score: out of 47 (each item has a weighted response base)

Severity of bowel dysfunction:

Score 0-6: Very minor Score 7-9: Minor Score 10-13: Moderate Score 14+: Severe

### Summary

The Neurogenic Bowel Dysfunction Score (NBD) is a self-report questionnaire designed to help healthcare professionals evaluate the effectiveness of their patient's current bowel management routine by assessing the impact it has on the patient's quality of life.

Questions ask about background parameters (n=8), faecal incontinence (n=10), constipation (n=10), obstructed defecation (n=8), and impact on quality of life (QOL).

### **Availability**

Worksheet: Can be found here.

Languages: English, Dutch, Turkish, and Spanish.

### **Assessment Interpretability**

# Minimal Clinically Important Difference

Not established in SCI

### Statistical Error

Not established in SCI

### **Typical Values**

Not established in SCI

### **Measurement Properties**

### Validity – Low to High

# Low to High Correlations between total NBD score & SF-36 subscales:

**Bodily pain subscale:** r = -0.382 (low)

**General health subscale:** r = -0.560 (moderate)

**Vitality subscale:** r = -0.626 (moderate)

Social role functioning subscale: r = -0.741 (high) Emotional role functioning subscale: r = -0.604 (high)

Mental health subscale: r = -0.687 (high)

# High Correlation between change in total NBD score and change in Global Rating of Change scale at end of 2 months:

r = 0.821 (P=0.007)

(Erdem et al. 2017; n=42, mean age (SD): 39 (16) years; level: 12 cervical, 24 thoracic, 6 lumbar; acute and chronic, Turkish version)

### High Correlation between total NBD score & FIQL

r = -0.648

### **Moderate Correlation between total NBD score & FISI**

r = -0.367

## High Correlation between total NBD score & EQ-5D-3L index score:

r = -0.589

# Moderate Correlation between total NBD score and EQ-5D-3L VAS Score

r = -0.428

(Van Doorn et al. 2022, n=55; 6 males, 19 females; mean (SD) age: 54 (15.8) years; 14 cervical, 20 thoracic, 9 lumbar, and 3 unknown; 15 ASIA A, 7 ASIA B, 10 ASIA C, and 9 ASIA D; mean (SD) time since injury: 13.6 (8.4) years; Dutch version)

Number of studies reporting validity data: 3

### Reliability - Low and High

### **Moderate Internal Consistency:**

 $\alpha = 0.547$ 

### High Test-retest answers of each question:

r = 1.000, P<0.001

#### **High Consistency of frequency distribution:**

r = 1.000, P<0.001

(Erdem et al. 2017; n=42, mean age (SD): 39 (16) years; level: 12 cervical, 24 thoracic, 6 lumbar; acute and chronic, Turkish version)

#### **Low** to **Moderate** Internal consistency:

Test:  $\alpha = 0.56$ Retest:  $\alpha = 0.30$ 

(Van Doorn et al. 2022, n=55; 6 males, 19 females; mean (SD) age: 54 (15.8) years; 14 cervical, 20 thoracic, 9 lumbar, and 3 unknown; 15 ASIA A, 7 ASIA B, 10 ASIA C, and 9 ASIA D; mean (SD) time since injury: 13.6 (8.4) years; Dutch version)

### **High Construct Reliability**

 $\alpha = 0.897$ 

### **High Test-retest Reliability**

ICC = 0.886 (0.764 - 0.946)

(González-Viejo et al. 2021; n=59; 30 with SCI, 29 with cerebral vascular accident; 24 males, 6 females; mean (SD) age: 43.6 (11.7), chronic; Spanish version)

Number of studies reporting reliability data: 4

### Responsiveness

Floor/Ceiling Effect: Effect Size:

Not established in SCI Not established in SCI

Number of studies reporting responsiveness data: 0