Assessment Overview

Assessment Area

ICF Domain: Body Function Subcategory: Sensory Functions

You Will Need

Length: 6 items. Approx. 30min to administer the complete QST in one body part Scoring: High and low values for each item are recorded. The mean for each item can be calculated Equipment: Specialized equipment is required. Refer to company website for more information Training: Use of equipment requires training

Summary

Quantitative Sensory Testing (QST) is a clinician-administered test used to quantify the neurological dysfunction associated with neuropathic pain, by measuring thresholds for mechanical detection, vibration detection, cool and warm detection and cold and hot pain sensations.

The QST may not be feasible as a general test due to the need for necessary equipment, but may be feasible for specific clinics that focus on pain. Patient burden is extensive; testing must be in person at a clinic or hospital.

The scale was not developed specifically for the SCI population, although preliminary research shows it can be used within this group without adaptations.

Availability

Available from company: <u>http://www.medoc-web.com/about-us/about-qst/technique/</u> USA & Canada- Tel: + 1-919-402-9600 E-Mail: <u>medoc@mindspring.com</u> Contact: Mr. Phil Brooks

Assessment Interpretability

Minimal Clinically Important Difference	Statistical Error	Typical Values
Not established in SCI	Not established in SCI	Mean (SD) perceptual threshold: Cold threshold (°C): L4 (Left)=17.4 (11.1); (Right)=13.7 (11.5) L5 (L)=19.1 (9.5); (R)=14.7 (11.7) S1 (L)=17.9 (10.0); (R)=15.3 (9.9) Warm threshold (°C): L4 (L)=42.4 (4.5); (R)=45.3 (3.8) L5 (L)=42.6 (4.4); (R)=44.3 (4.0) S1 (L)=42.2 (4.3); (R)=43.4 (4.6) Vibration (μ m): L4 (L)=55.2 (54.5); (R)=56.4 (51.8) L5 (L)=47.8 (52.8); (R)=45.6 (50.1) S1 = Not tested (Hayes et al. 2002; n=33; 27 males, C4-T12; ASIA B-D; mean (SD) time since injury: 88.9 (73.1) months)

Measurement Properties		
Validity	Reliability – Moderate to High	
Kappa with ISNCSCI Light Touch:	Moderate to High Test-retest Reliability:	
Warm sensation: κ=0.31	ICC = 0.84-0.95 (4 items) 0.50 (2 items)	
Cold sensation: κ=0.28-0.30	(Felix & Widerstrom-Noga 2009; n=22; 19 males, 3 females; 12 cervical, 10 below cervical; 10 incomplete, 12 complete; mean (SD) time since injury: 6.6 (5.7) years)	
Vibration: κ=0.25-0.39		
	ICC = 0.23-0.90	
Kappa with ISNCSCI Pinprick:	(Krassioukov et al. 1999; n=21; 15 males, 6 females; incomplete SCI, 11 AIS-D mean (SD) time since injury: 78 (67) months)	
Cold sensation: κ=0.29		
Vibration: κ=0.33	Number of studies reporting reliability data: 3	
(Hayes et al. 2002; n=33; 27 males, C4-T12; ASIA B-D; mean (SD) time since injury: 88.9 (73.1) months)		
Number of studies reporting validity data: 2		
Resnon	siveness	

Responsiveness

Floor/Ceiling Effect: Not established in SCI Effect Size: Not established in SCI Number of studies reporting responsiveness data: 0